

AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund

ARSN 165 810 686

Annual Report

For the year ended 30 June 2022

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Contents

	Page
Directors' report	2
Auditor's independence declaration	5
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Statement of financial position	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Statement of cash flows	9
Notes to the financial statements	10
Directors' declaration	38
Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund	39

This annual report covers AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund is AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited (ABN 58 007 212 606). The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 32 Aurora Place, 88 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Directors' report

The directors of AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited ("ABIMAL") (ABN 58 007 212 606), the Responsible Entity of AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Principal activities

The Fund implements a global, multi-sector strategy investing in a broad range of debt and fixed income securities and derivatives. The Fund can invest in corporate bonds, government bonds, asset backed securities, mortgage backed securities, mutual funds and bank loans located anywhere in the world, including emerging countries.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of ABIMAL during the year and up to the date of this report:

Stuart Campbell Rae
Steven Michael Eisenberg
Ajai Mohan Kaul
Jennifer Agnes Driscoll
Emma Catherine Quinn

Review and results of operations

Whilst diminishing, there are still some uncertainties in the economy related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The longer-term adverse effect on world economies and markets, is difficult to predict, and while economies are reopening the situation is still evolving due to the emergence of new COVID-19 variants, the differing approaches of different countries to COVID-19 suppression, inflation and increasing interest rates. In addition, the war in Ukraine and the potential for its escalation has added more economic uncertainty. As a result, the Fund may still be adversely impacted by the on-going effects of the COVID-19, action taken to combat the pandemic and the continuing war in Ukraine.

During the year, the Fund invested its assets in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Operating profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unitholders	<u>(53,221,948)</u>	<u>9,788,455</u>
Distributions paid and payable	<u>1,078,955</u>	<u>28,487,105</u>
Distributions (cents per unit)	<u>0.15</u>	<u>4.54</u>

Unit redemption prices

Unit redemption prices (quoted ex-distribution) are shown as follows:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 30 June	0.9398	1.0137	1.0392	1.0476	1.0235

Directors' report (continued)

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years,
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Indemnity and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of ABIMAL or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of ABIMAL act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

Indemnity of auditors

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in note 19 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 19 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in note 10 of the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Directors' report (continued)

Rounding of amounts to the nearest dollar

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest dollar in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Jennifer Agnes Driscoll
Director

Sydney
9 September 2022



Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Joe Sheeran'.

Joe Sheeran
Partner
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney
9 September 2022

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Notes	\$	\$
Investment income			
Dividend income		265,448	453,399
Interest income		19,332,463	15,679,775
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	6	(70,907,802)	(1,850,570)
Other operating income	16	<u>1,998,786</u>	<u>172,688</u>
Total net investment income/(loss)		<u>(49,311,105)</u>	<u>14,455,292</u>
Expenses			
Manager's fees	19	3,816,669	3,345,744
Transaction costs		93,509	82,514
Other operating expenses	15	<u>665</u>	<u>1,238,579</u>
Total operating expenses		<u>3,910,843</u>	<u>4,666,837</u>
Profit/(loss) for the year		<u>(53,221,948)</u>	<u>9,788,455</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>(53,221,948)</u>	<u>9,788,455</u>

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

	Notes	As at	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	13,642,708	16,077,608
Margin accounts		9,219,952	4,711,731
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		861,026	-
Receivables	17	9,261,281	4,740,284
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	<u>695,076,450</u>	<u>666,526,439</u>
Total assets		<u>728,061,417</u>	<u>692,056,062</u>
Liabilities			
Payable for margin accounts		330,095	799,630
Payables	18	5,543,094	2,535,373
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		5,258,192	2,142,694
Distributions payable	11	1,078,955	19,769,945
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	8, 9	<u>21,968,879</u>	<u>10,893,124</u>
Total liabilities		<u>34,179,215</u>	<u>36,140,766</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	10	<u>693,882,202</u>	<u>655,915,296</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	10	655,915,296	512,204,428
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit/(loss) for the year		(53,221,948)	9,788,455
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(53,221,948)	9,788,455
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications	10	180,067,239	244,121,187
Redemptions	10	(99,718,515)	(92,588,813)
Reinvestment of distributions	10	11,919,085	10,877,144
Distributions paid and payable	10	(1,078,955)	(28,487,105)
Total transactions with unitholders		91,188,854	133,922,413
Total equity at the end of the financial year		693,882,202	655,915,296

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		785,662,863	730,445,331
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(872,346,476)	(890,391,099)
Amount received from/(paid to) brokers for margin		(4,977,756)	(692,655)
Dividends received		-	200
Interest received		19,118,295	16,606,178
Other income received		2,012,399	2,176,253
Manager's fees paid		(3,815,578)	(3,118,554)
Payment of other operating expenses		<u>(65,822)</u>	<u>(3,434,868)</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	13(a)	<u>(74,412,075)</u>	<u>(148,409,214)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		180,067,239	244,121,187
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(100,217,559)	(91,557,347)
Distributions paid		<u>(7,850,860)</u>	<u>(7,311,128)</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>71,998,820</u>	<u>145,252,712</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,413,255)	(3,156,502)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		16,077,608	19,154,613
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		<u>(21,645)</u>	<u>79,497</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		<u>13,642,708</u>	<u>16,077,608</u>
Non-cash financing activities	13(b)		

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Contents of the notes to the financial statements

	Page	
1	General Information	11
2	Summary of significant accounting policies	11
3	Financial risk management	16
4	Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	25
5	Fair value measurement	26
6	Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	28
7	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	29
8	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	30
9	Derivative financial instruments	30
10	Net assets attributable to unitholders	32
11	Distributions to unitholders	33
12	Cash and cash equivalents	33
13	Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	34
14	Remuneration of auditors	34
15	Other operating expenses	35
16	Other operating income	35
17	Receivables	35
18	Payables	36
19	Related party transactions	36
20	Events occurring after the reporting period	37
21	Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments	37

1 General Information

These financial statements cover AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund (the “Fund”) as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 12 September 2013, registered by ASIC as a managed investment scheme on 27 September 2013 and commenced operations on 2 June 2014. The Fund will terminate on 2 June 2094 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Fund’s Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited (“ABIMAL”) (ABN 58 007 212 606) (the “Responsible Entity”). The Responsible Entity’s registered office is Level 32 Aurora Place, 88 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000. The financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

The Fund invests in global interest bearing debt and fixed income securities and derivatives in accordance with the provisions of the Fund’s Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 9 September 2022. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

These financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholder’s option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2021 that have a material impact on the Fund.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Classification

Assets

The Fund classify their investments based on their business models for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund portfolios of financial assets are managed and their performance are evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund documented investment strategies. The Fund uses fair value information to assess performance of the portfolios and to make decisions to rebalance the portfolio or to realise fair value gains or minimise losses through sales or other trading strategies. The Fund policies are for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Equity securities and derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund business models' objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (distributions payable, due to brokers, management fees payable and other payable).

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined please see Note 5 to the financial statements.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Refer to note 4 to the financial statements for further information.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments are classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund classifies the net assets attributable to unit holders as equity as they satisfy the following criteria:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- apart from the contractual obligation to redeem the units, the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavorable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents.

Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend income and distribution income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Expenses

All expenses, including Responsible Entity's fees, manager's fees and custodian's fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders.

The benefit of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

(h) Distributions

The Fund distributes its distributable income in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and as determined by the Responsible Entity of the Fund. The distributions are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

(i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian Dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian Dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in other operating income or expense.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair values are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(k) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Due from/to brokers (continued)

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on amounts due from broker at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(l) Deposits held with brokers for margin

Deposits held with brokers for margin comprise cash held as collateral for derivative transactions. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls.

(m) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends and interest. Dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(e). Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Receivables also include amounts receivable as a result of the Fund entering into foreign currency spot contracts. Foreign currency spot contracts are primarily used by the Fund for the purposes of trading settlements where the Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on the spot date.

(n) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

(o) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Unit prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue at or immediately prior to the close of business each day. Issues and redemptions of units are processed simultaneously.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 55% or 75%, hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(q) Use of estimates

The directors of the Responsible Entity make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example, over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(r) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's investment activities expose it to a number of risks primarily market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund's Investment Manager manages these risks by researching markets and securities, selecting securities and constructing a portfolio consistent with the Fund's Investment Strategy set out in its Product Disclosure Statement. The Fund's Investment Strategy sets out the Fund's financial risk management policies and investment restrictions. The Investment Manager monitors compliance with the Fund's Investment Strategy daily and reports monthly to the Responsible Entity.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price, interest and foreign exchange risk of the investments of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price Risk

The majority of the Fund's directly held financial assets and liabilities are interest bearing securities. These have exposure primarily to interest rate movement and credit risk. The sensitivities on these instruments are reflected as component of interest rate risk, which are further explained and analysed in note 3(b). Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian Dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Paragraph (ii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price Risk (continued)

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on implementing its global, multi-sector strategy investing in a broad range of debt and fixed income securities. The Investment Manager has limited the investment in higher risk and below investment grade rated securities to up to 40% of the Fund's assets. The Fund may use derivative financial instruments to alter certain risk exposures.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund may utilise financial instruments to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of their portfolio positions in addition to making active currency selections.

International debt securities are held and an exposure to foreign exchange risk arises as these offshore securities are valued in foreign currency.

Per the Product Disclosure Statement, the Investment Manager intends to hedge to Australian dollars most of the foreign currency exposure of its debt and fixed income securities. However up to 10% of the Fund's net asset value may be exposed to the risks and returns of international currencies. As a result of his risk management program the Investment Manager significantly reduced the fund's foreign exchange exposure, as a result of hedging arrangements using foreign currency contracts.

Foreign currency contracts designed to either hedge some or all of this exposure, or alternatively increase exposure to preferred foreign currencies have been entered into. Derivatives are accounted for as held for trading Instruments because the Fund does not apply hedge accounting.

Exceptions to compliance with the foreign exchange policy are reported to management on a regular basis.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian Dollar. The table below does not consider the currency exposure of the underlying securities within the AB Luxembourg fund which is domiciled in Luxembourg.

As at 30 June 2022	US Dollar \$	Euro \$	Japanese Yen \$	British Pound \$	Other Currencies \$
Cash and cash equivalents	3,341,675	801,040	789,174	554,722	1,175,581
Margin accounts	4,756,537	1,404,420	59,334	52,319	1,498,254
Receivables	1,442,774	4,642,150	131,819	912,141	112,514
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	288,783	572,243	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	157,576,265	193,477,481	51,090,499	65,843,005	24,411,280
Payable for margin accounts	(85,991)	-	(20,988)	(184,369)	(38,747)
Payables	-	(726)	(186)	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	(898,248)	(4,359,944)	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss*	(6,075,776)	(1,879,203)	(321,614)	(625,917)	(13,066,369)
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from foreign currency contract (notional principle)	<u>(167,017,927)</u>	<u>(195,035,247)</u>	<u>(45,190,692)</u>	<u>(74,569,750)</u>	<u>(7,098,665)</u>
Net Exposure	<u>(6,671,908)</u>	<u>(377,786)</u>	<u>6,537,346</u>	<u>(8,017,849)</u>	<u>6,993,848</u>

As at 30 June 2021	US Dollar \$	Euro \$	Japanese Yen \$	British Pound \$	Other Currencies \$
Cash and cash equivalents	3,806,183	446,602	538,488	153,764	1,567,291
Margin accounts	1,872,722	1,267,594	-	-	1,477,262
Receivables	1,260,568	902,947	60,223	587,189	199,022
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	202,496,989	208,479,508	10,212,523	30,811,786	52,516,388
Payable for margin accounts	(544,964)	-	(23,531)	(192,094)	(39,041)
Payables	-	(441)	(157)	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	(2,142,694)	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(5,229,273)	(1,298,421)	(378,854)	(156,791)	(3,829,785)
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from foreign currency contract (notional principle)	<u>(201,541,070)</u>	<u>(216,095,993)</u>	<u>(10,460,020)</u>	<u>(31,127,291)</u>	<u>(50,906,404)</u>
Net Exposure	<u>(21,539)</u>	<u>(6,298,204)</u>	<u>(51,328)</u>	<u>76,563</u>	<u>984,733</u>

*Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit and loss include FX forward contracts with fair values of 1,695,718 in US Dollars, 414,085 in Euro, 1,379,449 in Japanese Yen and 16,241 in British Pounds and 14,567,899 in other currencies, the remaining balance are cash collateral, futures, and swaps.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table on page 21 summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the Australian Dollar weakened and strengthened by 10% against the currencies to which the Fund is significantly exposed.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk by holding investments that invest in interest bearing financial assets which therefore exposes it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk.

30 June 2022	Floating interest rate \$	Fixed interest rate \$	Non-interest bearing \$	Total \$
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	13,642,708	-	-	13,642,708
Margin accounts	9,219,952	-	-	9,219,952
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	-	861,026	861,026
Receivables	-	-	9,261,281	9,261,281
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	161,114,160	516,524,263	17,438,027	695,076,450
Liabilities				
Payable for margin accounts	330,095	-	-	330,095
Payables	-	-	5,543,094	5,543,094
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	5,258,192	5,258,192
Distributions payable	-	-	1,078,955	1,078,955
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	2,723,544	19,245,335	21,968,879
	<u>183,646,725</u>	<u>513,800,719</u>	<u>(3,565,242)</u>	<u>693,882,202</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from				
Interest rate futures (notional principal)	88,592,394	(88,592,394)	-	-
Interest rate swaps (notional principal)	<u>(46,134,179)</u>	<u>46,134,179</u>	-	-
Net exposure	<u>226,104,940</u>	<u>471,342,504</u>	<u>(3,565,242)</u>	<u>693,882,202</u>

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

30 June 2021	Floating interest rate \$	Fixed interest rate \$	Non-interest bearing \$	Total \$
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	16,077,608	-	-	16,077,608
Margin accounts	4,711,731	-	-	4,711,731
Receivables	-	-	4,740,284	4,740,284
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	138,662,329	511,832,622	16,031,488	666,526,439
Liabilities				
Payable for margin accounts	799,630	-	-	799,630
Payables	-	-	2,535,373	2,535,373
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	2,142,694	2,142,694
Distributions payable	-	-	19,769,945	19,769,945
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	1,182,385	9,710,739	10,893,124
	<u>158,652,038</u>	<u>510,650,237</u>	<u>(13,386,979)</u>	<u>655,915,296</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from				
Interest rate futures (notional principal)	92,921,202	(92,921,202)	-	-
Interest rate swaps (notional principal)	<u>(26,629,933)</u>	<u>26,629,933</u>	-	-
Net exposure	<u>224,943,307</u>	<u>444,358,968</u>	<u>(13,386,979)</u>	<u>655,915,296</u>

An analysis of financial liabilities by maturities is provided in Note 3 (d).

The table on page 21 summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of interest rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders through changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the assumption that interest rates changed by +/- 100 basis points from the year end rates with all other variables held constant. The impact mainly arises from changes in the fair value of debt securities.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Interest rate risk Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders	
	-100bps	+100bps
	\$	\$
30 June 2022	(6,349,501)	6,349,501
30 June 2021	(2,654,719)	2,654,719

	Foreign exchange risk Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders							
	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%
	USD	USD	Euro	Euro	JPY	JPY	GBP	GBP
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2022	667,191	(667,191)	37,779	(37,779)	(653,735)	653,735	801,785	(801,785)
30 June 2021	2,154	(2,154)	629,820	(629,820)	5,133	(5,133)	(7,656)	7,656

The sensitivity factors for 30 June 2021 were +/-50 bps for interest rate risk and +/-10% for foreign exchange risk.

In determining the impact of an increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders arising from market risk, the Responsible Entity has considered expected future movements of the portfolio based on market information in order to determine a reasonably possible shift in assumptions.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due.

The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in debt securities. The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

The clearing and depository operations of the Fund's security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty namely State Street Australia Limited. At 30 June 2022, State Street Australia Limited had a credit rating of AA (2021: AA). As at 30 June 2022, substantially all cash and investments are held in custody by State Street Australia Limited.

Compliance with the Responsible Entity's mandate is monitored on a daily basis and reported to the Board and Compliance Committee on a regular basis.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

None of these assets are impaired nor past due.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

An analysis of debt securities by rating is set out in the table below.

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Debt securities		
Rating		
AAA	166,327,672	193,145,385
AA	38,483,383	37,766,191
A	143,995,455	98,644,540
BBB	238,640,854	200,749,590
BB	69,409,989	78,456,564
B	16,432,132	11,110,216
CCC	239,699	22,407
CC	4,999	15,396
NR	3,874,173	30,584,662
Total	<u>677,408,356</u>	<u>650,494,951</u>

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Fund holds marketable securities and derivatives that can be readily sold to fund redemption requirements.

The Fund may, from time to time, invest in derivative contracts traded over the counter, which are not traded in an organised market and may be illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to liquidate quickly its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet its liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as a deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer or counterparty. No such investments were held at year end.

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to defer, adjust or suspend a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Net Assets attributable to unitholders is not considered a financial liability but has been included below as units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, the Board of Directors does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

As at 30 June 2022	Less than 1 month \$	1-6 months \$	6-12 months \$	Over 12 months \$	No stated maturity \$
Payable for margin accounts	330,095	-	-	-	-
Payables	5,543,094	-	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	5,258,192	-	-	-	-
Distributions payable	1,078,955	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>693,882,202</u>	-	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	<u>706,092,538</u>	-	-	-	-

As at 30 June 2021	Less than 1 month \$	1-6 months \$	6-12 months \$	Over 12 months \$	No stated maturity \$
Payable for margin accounts	799,630	-	-	-	-
Payables	2,535,373	-	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	2,142,694	-	-	-	-
Distributions payable	19,769,945	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>655,915,296</u>	-	-	-	-
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	<u>681,162,938</u>	-	-	-	-

(i) Maturities of net settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's net settled derivative financial instruments based on their contractual maturity. The Fund may, at its discretion, settle financial instruments prior to their original contractual settlement date, in accordance with its investment strategy, where permitted by the terms and conditions of the relevant instruments.

As at 30 June 2022	Less than 1 month \$	1-6 months \$	6-12 months \$	Over 12 months \$
International interest rate futures	-	81,653	-	-
Foreign currency forward contracts	(6,831,568)	(481,019)	-	-
Credit default swaps	-	-	-	(1,171,943)
Interest rate swaps	-	-	(1,968,189)	(606,941)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2021	Less than 1 month \$	1-6 months \$	6-12 months \$	Over 12 months \$
International interest rate futures	-	(638,978)	-	-
Foreign currency forward contracts	(4,307,984)	(2,666,218)	-	-
Credit default swaps	-	-	-	(676,635)
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	(543,407)
Index swaps	-	-	-	(385,400)

(e) Other risks

Since 2020 the financial impact caused by the COVID-19 pandemic has been included in the current and prior period results and asset valuations. Economies are re-opening and seem to be normalising and therefore uncertainties in the economy related to the COVID-19 pandemic seem to be diminishing. However, the situation is still evolving due to the emergence of new COVID-19 variants, the differing approaches of different countries to COVID-19 suppression, inflation and increasing interest rates. In addition, the war in Ukraine and the potential for its escalation has added more economic uncertainty. There could still be some further significant market volatility, exchange trading suspensions and closures, declines in global financial markets, higher default rates, and a substantial economic downturn or recession. Therefore, the foregoing could still impair the Fund's ability to maintain operational standards (such as with respect to satisfying redemption requests), disrupt the operations of the Fund's service providers, adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments, and negatively impact the Fund's performance and your investment in the Fund. COVID-19 risk and the war in Ukraine have arisen relatively recently and is therefore specifically noted above.

4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the statement of financial position are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below.

Financial assets	Effects of offsetting on the statement of financial position			Related amounts not offset		
	Gross amounts of financial assets	Gross amounts set off in the statement of financial position	Net amount of financial assets presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Collateral received	Net amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2022						
Derivative financial instruments (i)	<u>10,990,872</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,990,872</u>	<u>(8,622,315)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,368,557</u>
Total	<u>10,990,872</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,990,872</u>	<u>(8,622,315)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,368,557</u>
2021						
Derivative financial instruments (i)	<u>1,674,502</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,674,502</u>	<u>(1,435,651)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>238,851</u>
Total	<u>1,674,502</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,674,502</u>	<u>(1,435,651)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>238,851</u>
Financial liabilities	Effects of offsetting on the statement of financial position			Related amounts not offset		
	Gross amounts of financial liabilities	Gross amounts set off in the statement of financial position	Net amount of financial liabilities presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Collateral pledged	Net amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2022						
Derivative financial instruments (i)	<u>21,968,879</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,968,879</u>	<u>(8,622,315)</u>	<u>(7,809,662)</u>	<u>5,536,902</u>
Total	<u>21,968,879</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,968,879</u>	<u>(8,622,315)</u>	<u>(7,809,662)</u>	<u>5,536,902</u>
2021						
Derivative financial instruments (i)	<u>10,893,124</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,893,124</u>	<u>(1,435,651)</u>	<u>(1,734,941)</u>	<u>7,722,532</u>
Total	<u>10,893,124</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,893,124</u>	<u>(1,435,651)</u>	<u>(1,734,941)</u>	<u>7,722,532</u>

4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

(i) Master netting arrangement – not currently enforceable

Agreements with derivative counterparties are based on the ISDA Master Agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, only where certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/ receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Fund does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the balance sheet, but have been presented separately in the above table.

5 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets / liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (see note 7 and 8)
- Derivative financial instruments (see note 9)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy;

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

(i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their last traded prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2 to the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services of the valuation of its investments.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

5 Fair value measurement (continued)

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3) (continued)

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date. The fair value of an option contract is determined by applying the Black Scholes option valuation model.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds. The Fund may make adjustments to the value based on considerations such as: liquidity of the Investee Fund or its underlying investments, the value date of the net asset value provided, or any restrictions on redemptions and the basis of accounting.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Fund's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2022.

As at 30 June 2022	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets				
Derivatives	230,067	10,760,805	-	10,990,872
AB Luxembourg funds (fixed income fund)	6,677,222	-	-	6,677,222
Debt securities	-	677,408,356	-	677,408,356
Total	<u>6,907,289</u>	<u>688,169,161</u>	-	<u>695,076,450</u>
Financial liabilities				
Derivatives	<u>148,414</u>	<u>21,820,465</u>	-	<u>21,968,879</u>
Total	<u>148,414</u>	<u>21,820,465</u>	-	<u>21,968,879</u>
As at 30 June 2021	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets				
Derivatives	-	1,674,502	-	1,674,502
AB Luxembourg funds (fixed income fund)	-	14,356,986	-	14,356,986
Debt securities	-	650,494,951	-	650,494,951
Total	-	<u>666,526,439</u>	-	<u>666,526,439</u>
Financial liabilities				
Derivatives	<u>638,978</u>	<u>10,254,146</u>	-	<u>10,893,124</u>
Total	<u>638,978</u>	<u>10,254,146</u>	-	<u>10,893,124</u>

The Fund's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

5 Fair value measurement (continued)

Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

(i) Transfer between levels

There were no transfers between levels during the year.

(ii) Movement in level 3 instruments

There were no investments classified as level 3 within the Fund as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

(iii) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate fair value.

6 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(45,353,499)	27,907,677
Financial liabilities		
Net gain/(loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(25,554,303)</u>	<u>(29,758,247)</u>
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(70,907,802)</u>	<u>(1,850,570)</u>

7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivatives	10,990,872	1,674,502
AB Luxembourg funds (fixed income fund)	6,677,222	14,356,986
Debt securities	677,408,356	650,494,951
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	695,076,450	666,526,439
Comprising:		
Derivatives		
International interest rate futures	230,067	-
Foreign currency forward contracts	10,760,805	1,674,502
Total derivatives	10,990,872	1,674,502
AB Luxembourg funds (fixed income fund)		
Shares in AB Luxembourg funds	6,677,222	14,356,986
Total AB Luxembourg funds	6,677,222	14,356,986
Debt securities		
Government bond debt securities	184,804,993	256,442,174
Mortgage backed government securities	44,271,047	56,749,097
Debt securities - other	448,332,316	337,303,680
Total debt securities	677,408,356	650,494,951
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	695,076,450	666,526,439

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

Material investments

There were no investments that represented 5% or more by value of the net assets of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2022. As at 30 June 2021, investments which constitute 5% or more by value of the net assets of the Fund are disclosed below:

Security Description	Principal activities	Fair Value \$	Percentage of debt securities held by the Fund %	Percentage of total net assets of the Fund %
30 June 2021				
AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT BONDS REGS 07/22 5.75	Government	34,050,894	5	5

8 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivatives	21,968,879	10,893,124
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	21,968,879	10,893,124
Comprising:		
Derivatives		
International interest rate futures	148,414	638,978
Foreign currency forward contracts	18,073,392	8,648,704
Credit default swaps	1,171,943	676,635
Interest rate swaps	2,575,130	543,407
Index swaps	-	385,400
Total Derivatives	21,968,879	10,893,124
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	21,968,879	10,893,124

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

9 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments with certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as futures. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments:

9 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(a) Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange. Interest rate futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in interest rates at a future date at a specified price, established in an organised financial market.

(b) Foreign currency contracts

Foreign currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian Dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Foreign currency contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the reporting date. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the reporting date.

(c) Swaps

An interest rate swap is an agreement between two parties to exchange their interest obligations (payments) or receipts at set intervals on a notional principal amount over an agreed time period.

The fair value of interest rate swaps is the estimated amount that the entity would receive or pay to terminate the swap at the end of the reporting period, taking into account current interest rates and the current creditworthiness of the swap counterparties.

A credit default swap is a financial swap agreement that the seller will compensate the buyer (the creditor of the reference loan) in the event of a loan default (by the debtor) or other credit event. The buyer makes a series of payments to the seller and, in exchange, receives a payoff if the loan defaults.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments at year-end are detailed below:

	Long Contract/ notional \$	Short Contract/ notional \$	Fair Values	
			Assets \$	Liabilities \$
30 June 2022				
International interest rate futures	10,548,042	99,140,436	230,067	148,414
Foreign currency forward contracts	477,431,122	940,803,406	10,760,805	18,073,392
Credit default swaps	11,042,545	-	-	1,171,943
Interest rate swaps	46,134,179	-	-	2,575,130
Total Derivatives	<u>545,155,888</u>	<u>1,039,943,842</u>	<u>10,990,872</u>	<u>21,968,879</u>

9 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

	Long Contract/ notional \$	Short Contract/ notional \$	Fair Values	
			Assets \$	Liabilities \$
30 June 2021				
International interest rate futures	14,193,502	107,114,704	-	638,978
Foreign currency forward contracts	107,380,719	623,291,185	1,674,502	8,648,704
Credit default swaps	5,841,391	-	-	676,635
Interest rate swaps	26,629,933	-	-	543,407
Index swaps	<u>14,307,892</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>385,400</u>
Total Derivatives	<u>168,353,437</u>	<u>730,405,889</u>	<u>1,674,502</u>	<u>10,893,124</u>

As at the reporting date, the Fund hedged transactions or positions by holding foreign currency contracts with a gross notional value of \$1,418,234,528 (2021: \$730,671,904) comprising of buy \$477,431,122 (2021: \$107,380,719) and sale \$940,803,406 (2021: \$623,291,185) resulting in net exposure of \$(463,372,284) (2021: \$(515,910,466)).

10 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	30 June 2022 No.	30 June 2021 No.	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Opening balance	646,056,344	492,108,045	655,915,296	512,204,428
Applications	180,085,456	232,007,680	180,067,239	244,121,187
Redemptions	(100,765,442)	(88,483,702)	(99,718,515)	(92,588,813)
Reinvestment of distributions	11,739,471	10,424,321	11,919,085	10,877,144
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(1,078,955)	(28,487,105)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	(53,221,948)	9,788,455
Closing balance	<u>737,115,829</u>	<u>646,056,344</u>	<u>693,882,202</u>	<u>655,915,296</u>

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

11 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions for the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2022 CPU	30 June 2021 \$	30 June 2021 CPU
Distributions paid	-	-	8,717,160	1.48
Distributions payable	<u>1,078,955</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>19,769,945</u>	<u>3.06</u>
Total distributions	<u>1,078,955</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>28,487,105</u>	<u>4.54</u>

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2022 \$	30 June 2021 \$
Cash at bank	<u>13,642,708</u>	<u>16,077,608</u>
	<u>13,642,708</u>	<u>16,077,608</u>

Interest rate applicable as at 30 June 2022 is from -1.35% to 0.24% (30 June 2021: -1.75% to 0.05%).

13 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the year	(53,221,948)	9,788,455
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	785,662,863	730,445,331
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(872,346,476)	(890,391,099)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	70,907,802	1,850,570
Dividend Income reinvested	(304,813)	(450,700)
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)	21,645	(79,497)
Net interest bought/(sold)	860,840	1,956,886
Net change in receivables	(4,520,997)	953,919
Net change in payables	3,506,765	(1,790,424)
Amount received from/(paid to) brokers for margin accounts	(4,977,756)	(692,655)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	<u>(74,412,075)</u>	<u>(148,409,214)</u>
(b) Non-cash financing activities		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distributions reinvestment plan	11,919,085	10,877,144

As described in note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The change in this amount each year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable (i.e. taxable).

14 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia (PwC) as the auditor of the Fund and by PwC's related network firms:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Auditors of the Fund - PwC Australian firm and related network firms		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit and review of financial reports	15,675	13,585
<i>Other assurance services</i>		
Audit of compliance plan	5,225	5,225
<i>Other non-audit services</i>		
Tax compliance services	7,106	9,245
Total other non-audit services	<u>7,106</u>	<u>9,245</u>
Total services provided by PwC	<u>28,006</u>	<u>28,055</u>

14 Remuneration of auditors (continued)

In 2022 and 2021, the remuneration of auditors is borne by the Responsible Entity. No audit fee is paid directly by the Fund.

15 Other operating expenses

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Sundry expenses	<u>665</u>	<u>1,238,579</u>
	<u>665</u>	<u>1,238,579</u>

The sundry expenses above comprises of \$659 (2021: \$652) in other bank charges, \$nil (2021: \$29,457) in interest withholding tax expense, \$nil (2021: \$2,678) in audit fee adjustments, \$nil (2021: \$1,205,792) in foreign exchange losses adjustments and \$6 (2021:\$nil) in other expense.

16 Other operating income

	Year ended	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Other income	<u>1,998,786</u>	<u>172,688</u>
	<u>1,998,786</u>	<u>172,688</u>

The other income above comprises of unrealised foreign exchange gains of \$1,695,005 and other income of \$303,781.

17 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Interest receivable	5,696,716	4,621,708
Dividends receivable	-	39,360
Swap income receivable	1,015	1,015
Spot Contracts receivable	3,478,389	-
RITC receivable	<u>85,161</u>	<u>78,201</u>
	<u>9,261,281</u>	<u>4,740,284</u>

18 Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Interest payable	912	598
Manager's fees payable	904,863	903,772
Redemption payable	1,121,972	1,621,016
Spot Contracts payable	3,492,002	-
Other payables	23,345	9,987
	5,543,094	2,535,373

19 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity and Investment Manager

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited (ABN 58 007 212 606). The ultimate holding company of the Responsible Entity is AllianceBernstein L.P. (incorporated in the United States).

The Investment Manager of the assets of the Fund is AllianceBernstein Australia Limited. The ultimate holding company of the Investment Manager is AllianceBernstein L.P. (incorporated in the United States).

Key management personnel

(a) Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of the Responsible Entity at any time during the financial year as follows:

Stuart Campbell Rae
Steven Michael Eisenberg
Ajai Mohan Kaul
Jennifer Agnes Driscoll
Emma Catherine Quinn

(b) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

Key management personnel unitholdings

At 30 June 2022 no key management personnel held units in the Fund (2021: Nil).

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by related companies of ABIMAL. Payments made from the Fund to ABIMAL do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

19 Related party transactions (continued)

Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

Responsible Entity's/manager's fees and other transactions

The Fund's fees and ordinary expenses were bundled so that the Fund's maximum fees and ordinary expenses accrued were 0.55% for the part year until 1 June 2022 reducing to 0.45% (2021: 0.55%) per annum for periods thereafter of the average daily net assets of the Fund. All the Fund's fees and ordinary expenses such as investment management, custody, administration, external auditors and tax advisors are paid out of 0.55% and 0.45% (2021: 0.55%).

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	\$	\$
Investment Manager's fees for the year incurred by the Fund	3,816,669	3,345,744
Aggregate amounts payable to the Investment Manager at the end of the reporting period	904,863	903,772

Related party unitholdings

Related parties to the Fund and other schemes managed by ABIMAL, held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2022 (2021: Nil).

Investments

The Fund held investments in the following schemes which are also managed by AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited or its related parties:

	Fair value of investments		Interest held		Dividends received/receivable		Shares acquired during the year		Shares disposed during the year	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$	No.	No.	No.	No.
AB SICAV I China Bond Portfolio	-	14,356,986	-	0.03	265,448	453,399	13,825	21,907	696,152	-
AB SICAV I RMB Income Plus Portfolio	6,677,222	-	0.01	-	-	-	32,779	-	-	-

20 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

21 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets and liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 37 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Jennifer Agnes Driscoll
Director

Sydney
9 September 2022



Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund

Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of AllianceBernstein Dynamic Global Fixed Income Fund ("the Fund") is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

What we have audited

The financial report comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- the Directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757
One International Towers Sydney, Watermans Quay, Barangaroo, GPO BOX 2650, SYDNEY NSW 2001
T: +61 2 8266 0000, F: +61 2 8266 9999
Level 11, 1PSQ, 169 Macquarie Street, Parramatta NSW 2150, PO Box 1155 Parramatta NSW 2124
T: +61 2 9659 2476, F: +61 2 8266 9999

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Other information

The Directors of AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited, as responsible entity of the Fund, are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial report

The Directors of AllianceBernstein Investment Management Australia Limited, as responsible entity of the Fund, are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'PricewaterhouseCoopers' in a cursive script.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Joe Sheeran' in a cursive script.

Joe Sheeran
Partner

Sydney
9 September 2022